

## 1. Identification

**Product identifier** HY-LUX INDUSTRIAL ENAMEL WATERBORNE WHITE

**Other means of identification**

**Product code** 12896W

**Recommended use** Industrial applications.

**Recommended restrictions** Professional use only

**Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information**

**Manufacturer**

**Company name** Ellis Paint Company  
**Address** 3150 E. Pico Blvd.  
Los Angeles, CA 90023-3683  
United States

**Telephone** Customer Service (800) 672-4900

**Website** www.ellispaint.com

**E-mail** info@ellispaint.com

**Emergency phone number** CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

**Physical hazards** Flammable liquids Category 4

**Health hazards** Carcinogenicity Category 2

Reproductive toxicity Category 1

**Environmental hazards** Not classified.

**OSHA defined hazards** Not classified.

**Label elements**



**Signal word** Danger

**Hazard statement** Combustible liquid. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

**Precautionary statement**

**Prevention** Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces-No smoking. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

**Response** If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

**Storage** Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

**Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

**Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)** None known.

**Supplemental information** None.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Mixtures**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
TITANIUM DIOXIDE		13463-67-7	10 - < 20
2-BUTOXY ETHANOL		111-76-2	5 - < 10
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE		85-68-7	1 - < 3

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER		112-34-5	1 - < 3
SILICA		7631-86-9	1 - < 3

\*The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

#### 4. First-aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
<b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
<b>General information</b>	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ).
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	The product is combustible, and heating may generate vapors which may form explosive vapor/air mixtures. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	Combustible liquid.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b>	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
<b>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up</b>	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.  Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.  Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.  Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. When using do not smoke. Provide adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

#### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
2-BUTOXY ETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)	PEL	240 mg/m3	
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)	PEL	50 ppm 15 mg/m3	Total dust.

#### US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
SILICA (CAS 7631-86-9)	TWA	0.8 mg/m3 20 mppcf

#### US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
2-BUTOXY ETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	20 ppm	
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER (CAS 112-34-5)	TWA	10 ppm	Inhalable fraction and vapor.
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	

#### US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
2-BUTOXY ETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	24 mg/m3 5 ppm
SILICA (CAS 7631-86-9)	TWA	6 mg/m3

### Biological limit values

#### ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
2-BUTOXY ETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)	200 mg/g	Butoxyacetic acid (BAA), with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

### Exposure guidelines

#### US - California OELs: Skin designation

2-BUTOXY ETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

#### US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

2-BUTOXY ETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2) Skin designation applies.

#### US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

2-BUTOXY ETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

#### US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

2-BUTOXY ETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

#### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

2-BUTOXY ETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

<b>Appropriate engineering controls</b>	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.
<b>Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment</b>	
<b>Eye/face protection</b>	Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.
<b>Skin protection</b>	
<b>Hand protection</b>	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.
<b>Other</b>	Wear suitable protective clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.
<b>Thermal hazards</b>	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
<b>General hygiene considerations</b>	When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid.
<b>Form</b>	Liquid.
<b>Color</b>	White.
<b>Odor</b>	Mild.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>pH</b>	Not available.
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	32 °F (0 °C) estimated
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	212 °F (100 °C) estimated
<b>Flash point</b>	143.1 °F (61.7 °C) estimated
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not available.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	
<b>Flammability limit - lower (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Flammability limit - upper (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Explosive limit - lower (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Explosive limit - upper (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	20.09 hPa estimated
<b>Vapor density</b>	Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	Not available.
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Density</b>	9.96 lbs/gal
<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not explosive.
<b>Flammability class</b>	Combustible IIIA estimated
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	Not oxidizing.
<b>Percent volatile</b>	53 % estimated

Specific gravity 1.2  
 VOC 1.9 lbs/gal (227.69 g/l) Coating VOC  
 0.85 lbs/gal (101.28 g/l) Material VOC

## 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.  
**Chemical stability** Material is stable under normal conditions.  
**Possibility of hazardous reactions** No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.  
**Conditions to avoid** Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.  
**Incompatible materials** Strong oxidizing agents.  
**Hazardous decomposition products** No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation** Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.  
**Skin contact** 2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.  
**Eye contact** Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.  
**Ingestion** Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.  
**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics** Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Components	Species	Test Results
2-BUTOXY ETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	400 mg/kg
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Mouse	700 ppm, 7 Hours
	Rat	450 ppm, 4 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Guinea pig	1.2 g/kg
	Mouse	1.2 g/kg
	Rabbit	0.32 g/kg
	Rat	560 mg/kg
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE (CAS 85-68-7)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Mouse	6700 mg/kg
	Rat	6700 mg/kg
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	13500 mg/kg
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER (CAS 112-34-5)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	2700 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Guinea pig	2000 mg/kg
	Mouse	2400 mg/kg
	Rabbit	2200 mg/kg
	Rat	4500 mg/kg

SILICA (CAS 7631-86-9)

**Acute**

**Oral**

LD50	Mouse	> 15000 mg/kg
	Rat	> 22500 mg/kg

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation** Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

**Respiratory sensitization** Not a respiratory sensitizer.

**Skin sensitization** This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

**Carcinogenicity** Suspected of causing cancer.

**IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity**

2-BUTOXY ETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE (CAS 85-68-7)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
SILICA (CAS 7631-86-9)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

**OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)**

Not listed.

**Reproductive toxicity** May damage fertility or the unborn child.

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure** Not classified.

**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure** Not classified.

**Aspiration hazard** Not an aspiration hazard.

**Chronic effects** May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.

Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

**12. Ecological information**

**Ecotoxicity** The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components	Species	Test Results
2-BUTOXY ETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Inland silverside ( <i>Menidia beryllina</i> ) 1250 mg/l, 96 hours
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE (CAS 85-68-7)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> ) > 0.96 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Shiner perch ( <i>Cymatogaster aggregata</i> ) 0.47 - 0.56 mg/l, 96 hours

Components	Species	Test Results
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER (CAS 112-34-5)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Bluegill ( <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> )
		1300 mg/l, 96 hours
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> )
		> 1000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Mummichog ( <i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i> )
		> 1000 mg/l, 96 hours

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Persistence and degradability** No data is available on the degradability of this product.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)**

2-BUTOXY ETHANOL	0.83
BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE	3.57 - 4.91
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER	0.56

**Mobility in soil** No data available.

**Other adverse effects** No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

### 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions** Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

**Local disposal regulations** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

**Hazardous waste code** The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

**Waste from residues / unused products** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

**Contaminated packaging** Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

### 14. Transport information

**DOT**

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**IATA**

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**IMDG**

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** Not established.

### 15. Regulatory information

**US federal regulations** This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

**TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)**

Not regulated.

**TSCA Chemical Action Plans, Chemicals of Concern**

BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE (CAS 85-68-7) Phthalates Action Plan

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**

2-BUTOXY ETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2) Listed.

BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE (CAS 85-68-7) Listed.

DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER (CAS 112-34-5) Listed.

**SARA 304 Emergency release notification**

Not regulated.

**OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)**

Not listed.

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)**

**Hazard categories**                    Immediate Hazard - No  
    Delayed Hazard - Yes  
    Fire Hazard - Yes  
    Pressure Hazard - No  
    Reactivity Hazard - No

**SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance**

Not listed.

**SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical**            No**SARA 313 (TRI reporting)**

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
2-BUTOXY ETHANOL	111-76-2	5 - < 10
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER	112-34-5	1 - < 3

**Other federal regulations****Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List**

DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER (CAS 112-34-5)

**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)**

Not regulated.

**Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)**            Not regulated.**US state regulations****US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)**

Not listed.

**US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))**

2-BUTOXY ETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)  
 BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE (CAS 85-68-7)  
 DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER (CAS 112-34-5)  
 TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)

**US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

2-BUTOXY ETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)  
 BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE (CAS 85-68-7)  
 SILICA (CAS 7631-86-9)  
 TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)

**US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act**

2-BUTOXY ETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)  
 BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE (CAS 85-68-7)  
 DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER (CAS 112-34-5)  
 SILICA (CAS 7631-86-9)  
 TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)

**US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law**

2-BUTOXY ETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)  
 BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE (CAS 85-68-7)  
 DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER (CAS 112-34-5)  
 SILICA (CAS 7631-86-9)  
 TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)

**US. Rhode Island RTK**

2-BUTOXY ETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)  
 BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE (CAS 85-68-7)  
 DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER (CAS 112-34-5)

**US. California Proposition 65**

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

**US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance**

TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS 13463-67-7)                    Listed: September 2, 2011



**US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin**

BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE (CAS 85-68-7)

Listed: December 2, 2005

**International Inventories**

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

**16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision**

<b>Issue date</b>	12-22-2015
<b>Version #</b>	01
<b>HMIS® ratings</b>	Health: 1* Flammability: 2 Physical hazard: 0
<b>NFPA ratings</b>	Health: 1 Flammability: 2 Instability: 0

**NFPA ratings**



**Disclaimer**

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